

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

ADVANCEMENT ASSOCIATION.

The Wisconsin Valley Advancement association has done a splendid work so far as it has gone, but the field of endeavor and usefulness has only been reached. From now on real results can be obtained. Advertising of the valley's resources has been accomplished beyond the dreams of even the most sanguine of its members. Now something substantial must be done. There must be a realization on this advertising and a dividend in the shape of results or all will be for naught. What can be done? Only one thing in the opinion of The New North can utilize the splendid exploitation which our opportunities have had. That is to have the association see that every man who has read of the chances for him in this valley, be solicited to come and look them over personally. If that is done we are secure. No misrepresentation has been engaged in, and investigation will only strengthen. The association from now on should have a man whose duty would be to personally enlist the investigation of this valley's resources before any other section is chosen. This will cost money. But the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association has plenty of money represented in its membership. No cheap man is wanted now. A promoter, if you please, although the word may be repulsive, is needed. Someone who can visit and interest every factory and every interest which can do well with us here in the valley, should be at work. Supposing that it costs three thousand dollars a year. It will pay us ten fold if we get the factories and the industries which could prosper with us and which are looking for new fields. And here it may well be said, as has been said before, that it makes no difference who gets the first, or in whose interests this agent may be working. The Wisconsin valley is big enough and wide enough in resources for us all. A factory that would do well in Wausau might not prosper here, but Rhinelander has advantages that Wausau could not overcome for the next proposition which came along. And so it is with all the towns in the valley. Each will get their share if there is an effort to bring to the valley all that can be secured. The question of where it goes when the valley has it is of minor importance. We will all get our share if the work of pushing the valley as a whole is only kept up. Settlers, factories and everything else will come to us if we keep up the work of interesting the public, which the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association has so splendidly begun. We hope to see the association employ at its next meeting a man capable of pushing the work to a consummation. The New North will not be behind in paying its share towards the expense.

WALTER ALEXANDER.

Walter Alexander's name is being frequently used by the press as an available one for the next Republican convention to consider and act upon when a governor is to be nominated. We know nothing of Mr. Alexander's intentions, but we know considerable of Mr. Alexander. If he announces himself a candidate and starts out for the honor, the rest of them can take to the tall timber so far as northern Wisconsin is concerned. He has friends who believe in him, after years of association and observation of his character and capacity. Walter Alexander never undertook a job which he did not carry to successful completion. He has a good many of the elements of a politician, and best of all, he can be counted upon always to do what is right and what he agrees upon. That is considerable in public as well as private life and his strength consists of that opinion in the minds of thousands who have been his associates for twenty years in this country. He is not a reformer, in that he believes everyone corrupt and unworthy who does not agree with him, but is, on the other hand, a broad-gauged, brainy progressive man of high purpose and honest heart. He will be formidable in a contest such as Wisconsin Republicans are to have, if he enters the field.

A TANNERY NEEDED.

One of the matters of interest to this community is the question of whether or not a tannery shall be established here during the coming year. Within fifty miles of the city there is hemlock bark enough to run the largest tannery in the country for thirty years. On the North-Western railroad there is not a tannery between Appleton and Ashland. All this country is tributary to Rhinelander providing Rhinelander first gets a tannery which will take the product of all this section. We need this industry and we must have it to bring to the city the legs, the bark and the business of the hemlock lands adjacent to us. Next week The New North will print a series of cogent reasons why this is the best point for the location of a tannery to utilize the bark and timber of a dozen counties. Copies of the paper will be sent to every tannery and every man

engaged in that business in the United States. It is then for the citizens to deal with them. The Advancement association should not overlook the opportunity. We need the tannery and it will come if proper showing is made to the tannery.

This is no time for politics. Let's boom our country. Give us people on farms to talk politics to. Then we can all be busy at it.

With a tannery sufficient in capacity to handle the bark of all the country tributary to Rhinelander we would outstrip them all. We must have it.

It may not be of interest to our other readers but it is a fact that The New North will be a weekly visitor to the home of every settler in Oneida county, from this time on.

Rhinelander is the natural center of a territory one hundred miles each way. But Rhinelander men must see that the prestige given by location is not lost by failure to improve the opportunities.

Congressman Babcock cannot be read out of the Republican party for his advanced ideas on the steel trust product tariff. Because he is first in the agitation he will be attacked; but his views will obtain. He is right.

While The New North cares little for the outcome of the present war between aspirants in the Republican party it has a modest request to make. Will some refrain from personal abuse and let argument take its place?

The Milwaukee Journal is again printing its famous "Philosophy of the Street" paragraphs. They are the work of Dick Petherick, who has recently rejoined the paper, and who equals in his line the best that the newspaper world produces.

The Milwaukee Sentinel is the best paper that Wisconsin ever had and as good a paper as even Chicago gives the readers of the north-west. It's a pleasure to have the state possess a metropolitan journal of the Sentinel's size and calibre.

We don't like to kick, but we can't have Oneida county used as it was by the state board of equalization without a protest. And more, if there is any way to undo in court the action, our county authorities should take advantage of it.

It is queer that some Wisconsin people are thrown into fits whenever H. C. Payne is mentioned. Supposing that President Roosevelt did call him to Washington for advice. Judging by past results President Roosevelt knows who to call.

All citizens of Wisconsin, regardless of party or faction, should be glad that Gov. LaFollette will recover from his long illness and that he is now out and enjoying the air of a Dane county farm. He is likely to resume his duties within a few weeks.

The Interior Department's investigation of the "dead and down" timber cutting on Minnesota reservations completely justifies the report of Joe Farr. It is likely that the incident will mark the passing of an opportunity to make a fortune if only an Indian pine contract could be secured.

The Sentinel's write-up of this city yesterday was good. In it Congressman Brown and Judge Allan declare the allegiance of themselves to Senator Spooner. You bet they would. They are representative men and the county is behind them. This country wants Spooner in the Senate and had best to the politicians who try to beat him up here.

The Madison Journal has much to say about subsidized papers. Will the Journal please say just what its definition of a subsidized journal is? Does it mean support of men for patronage or does it mean the payment of cash each week to make up deficiencies? Both of these classes are in evidence in Wisconsin this year.

How true it is that "the farthest out has the widest horns." People are leaving this country and investing their money in some other simply because it is new. They may learn that old friends always were the best and that the opportunities for prosperity here are now as great as they were if they could only see them.

G. E. Vandercook is writing a series of signed articles for the Sentinel which are not only interesting reading for all the people of the state, but an especial gratification to the friends of Mr. Vandercook. We hope the paper will keep him on the road continuously as he certainly gives a graphic photograph of the conditions, both political and industrial, of every community he visits. If the paper will send him up here we will all be glad. —Lester. He was here Monday.

The latest reports from the political courts at Madison are to the effect that as soon as Governor LaFollette is able to be approached that he will be asked by his friends to say publicly that he only wishes to accomplish the reforms that have been associated with his name and that he has no desire to destroy others; that he endorses the re-election of John C. Spooner to the United States Senate and wishes only a re-nomination as governor. His reply to the questions will be interesting to every Republican and may clear the air in Republican circles.

There is considerable discussion in the state press regarding the Wisconsin Republican League, recently organized for the avowed purpose of uniting the party for the party's good. Some papers which are confessedly and plainly advocates of the Governor's interests, depreciate any organization or effort for the party which does not emanate from the State Central committee. Previous to the election of the present Governor, Hon. Joseph H. Treat, as good a man and as good a Republican as Wisconsin has, was chairman of the State Central Committee. Let us have his testimony on the question of how much attention the LaFollette men paid to him or his committee in organizing their campaign, before we pass judgment on whether or not any other Republicans should have the right to act for their party now.

EDUCATIONAL TOPICS

By Miss Myra Germond, County Sept. of Schools.

As a rule, the pupils in the city schools are much better supplied with good reading material than are those of the district schools. The state provides for the purchase of library books, and we are supposed to find them in every schoolhouse; but there are often reasons why these books are not distributed as they should be; and it is not unusual to find a school without a library book. In such cases, it is the duty of the teacher, with the help of the board to see that these books are brought to the school house. But this is not all that a teacher can do to help pupils to become interested in good reading. Why cannot the pupils and teacher of a district school give an entertainment, charge an admission fee and thus raise enough money to take one or more papers? One of two schools did this last year. In selecting reading matter for the school, the teacher or magazine too hard or too mature for the children of your school. Suitable papers can be had for each grade. Do not forget the lower grades. These papers and magazines should be preserved for the future use of the classes as they grow up to them.

Many young teachers in their first school make the mistake of thinking apparently, that they have before them a lot of little savages who must be conquered; and before the end of the first week the room is an active member of the school. Then when there is a necessity for rigid discipline they have expended all their resources. Experience shows that good schools are possible without corporal punishment and that the work and morals of the school so governed improve with time. A teacher should learn first to govern herself. She should cultivate a pleasant manner and she will be surprised to find how much that will do toward straightening her control over the school.

Another important factor in good discipline is a general appearance of neatness in the school room and the teacher. No one expects to find an orderly school where the school room is untidy. The shades are partly lowered from the rollers, the walls decorated with columns in place of pictures, and the teacher with an untidy dress. We had two or three such schools in our county last year.

If children are daily surrounded by those influences that elevate them, that make them clean and well-mannered, that make them love flowers and pictures, and proper decorations, they at last reach that degree of culture where nothing else will please them. When they grow up and have homes of their own, they must have them clean, neat, bright with pictures, and fringed with shade trees and flowers, for they have been brought up to be happy in no other environment. Make your school buildings and school yards attractive and beautiful; treat them as you do the best house and grounds in the town, and see what the future will do for your district and community.

Sadness Explained. In Liverpool recently a sentimental young lady was on the Cunard steamship quay when she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of utter dejection and despair.

"Poor thing!" thought the romantic lady. "She is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great, sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy." So she went over to the traveler to win her confidence.

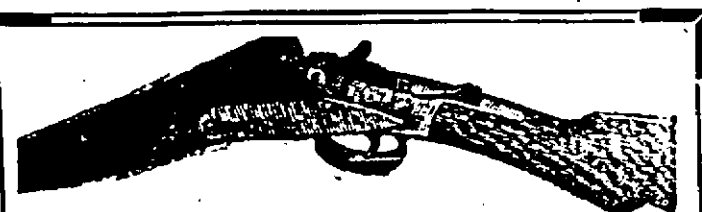
"Crossed in love?" she asked sympathetically.

"No," replied the girl, with a sigh, "crossed in the Serris, and an awfully rough passage too." —Tit-Bits.

The Dead One. An old colored woman was "taking on" the other day over the death of her baby as she was going from the church to the Lark which was to take her to the cemetery. A white woman who knew her happened to be passing and said sympathetically:

"Which one of your children is dead, Aunt Eliza?"

"The one in the hearse," moaned the begonia.—Atlantic Globe.



FINE SINGLE BARREL GUNS:

Top Egan, Rebounding Hammer, Fine Ivory-colored Fluted Steel Barrel, Pitted Grip, Walnut Stock, Extra Heavy Nickel Plated Frame, Rubber Butt Plate, Interchangeable Parts, Choice Bored for Nitro Powder.

12 and 16 gauge, 29-inch barrel, weight about 6 1/2 lbs. \$4.05
12 and 16 gauge, automatic ejector, 29-inch barrel. 5.15

L. C. SMITH GUNS:

Hammer Gun, Mould steel barrel \$20.00
Hammer Gun, twist barrel. 22.00
Hammer Gun, Damascus barrel. 24.00
Hammerless Gun, \$27.00 grade, our price. 26.50
Hammerless Gun, \$27.00 grade, our price. 31.50
Hammerless Gun, \$30.00 grade, our price. 32.00

SHELLS—3 dram 1 oz. black powder loads, per 100. 1.40
3 1/2 dram 1 1/2 oz. black powder loads, per 100. 1.54
Our Leader, 3 1/2 dram King's semiautomatic powder, 1 1/2 oz. chilled shot, per 100. 2.00

ON PRICES QUOTED ABOVE, THE PURCHASER TO PAY EXPRESS.

The above are all hand loaded. We guarantee them. We have loaded all our shells for years. Our output will average 500 for every working day in the year.

NOW THE RECOGNIZED GUN HOUSE IN OSHKOSH AND NORTHERN WISCONSIN.

September advance sheet to our catalogues just out. Send for it—it costs you nothing—the compare prices with those in any other catalogue.

THE DUNHAM GUN CO.,

STORE: 15 Algoma Street, Oshkosh, Wis. Capital Stock, \$10,000

DANCING PARTY

—GIVEN BY—

Court 46, Catholic Order Foresters,

ARMORY,

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 16.

NEW RHINELANDER ORCHESTRA.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

J. Didier, John Henry, Phil Dolan, James Archer,
M. Lally, J. Barnes.

FLOOR COMMITTEE.

A. F. Schleismann, Tom Coffey, Louis Petty,
Tony Rheame, Timothy O'Connell.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

Supper will be served by Catholic ladies.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Report of the financial condition of the Merchants' State Bank, located at Rhinelander, Wis., State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 30th day of September, 1901.

ASSETS.	
Loans and Discounts	\$170,844.27
Overdrafts	2,567.18
Banking House	15,000.00
Other Real Estate	150.00
Dep. Box Acct's	12.00
Bonds, Stocks and Securities	70,116.07
Cash items	1,257.74
Due from other Banks	373.29
Due from Banks and Bankers	219,791.16
U. S. and National Currency on hand	3,410.00
Specie	10,594.85
Notes and Coins	168.54
Int. Rev. Stamps	182.81
Total	\$494,616.21
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	15,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Loss and Expense Account	6,649.29
Deposits	422,967.71
Total	\$494,616.21

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

J. M. H. Raymond, the above named bank Merchant's State Bank, Rhinelander, Wis., do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. H. Raymond, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of Oct., 1901. CHAS. B. FETTERSON, Correct. Attest: Notary Public.

S. H. ALBAY, W. E. BROWN, D. E. LEWIS, Directors.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Report of the condition of the First National Bank of Rhinelander, at Rhinelander, in the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business, Sept. 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$160,171.18
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	125.44
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc.	14,519.64
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	5,000.00
Due from National Banks (not power agents)	5,211.35
Due from State Banks and Bankers	10,500.70
Due from approved reserve agents	119,970.75
Interest Revenue Stamps	152.78
Checks and other cash items	571.48
Notes of other National Banks	1,053.00
Fractional paper currency, etc., etc., and cash	171.25
Unpaid money received in bank, etc.	15,416.20
Specie	2,450.00
Legal tender notes	17,844.30
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 percent of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$490,443.97
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	4,444.10
National bank notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to State Banks and Bankers	678.18
Deposits payable	50.00
Individual deposits subject to check	143,672.58

A perfect likeness of the wife, husband, baby, boy or girl, set in handsome gold-plated frame will be given free to new subscribers to this publication until further notice.

Call at this office and see sample.

FREE HAND PAINTED MINIATURE TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS OF THE NEW NORTH.

OIL S Bic Express Veloc Very Low



We have a few

High-Grade Monarch Wheels

which can be bought cheap.

We are loading up with goods for fall and winter, and must have the room that is taken up by the above.

If you are a Bargain Seeker Come to Us.

Dunn & Wood Hardware Co.

C. M. & W. W. Feneberg Building, Corner Brown and Davenport Streets, Rhinelander, Wis.

HARD COAL

FOR \$7.75 TON

—AT—

W. D. HARRIGAN'S.

Will be sold any time during this month.

Prompt Delivery. Terms: Spot Cash.

GO TO HORR'S

FOR

Fancy Groceries.

EVERYTHING IN FIRST CLASS

Groceries, Teas, Coffees and Spices.

OUR SPECIALTIES:

Ceresota Flour, Colby Cheese, C. & S. Coffees.

LEE DON, CHINESE LAUNDRY

FIRST-CLASS WORK. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Opp. Rapid House, Rhinelander, Wis.

King Street, Rhinelander, Wis.

Christ. Roepcke.

MASUFACTURER OF Heavy and Light Harness, Prices from \$12 to \$24, strictly made made.

MACHINE MADE HARNESS FOR A LITTLE OF NOTHING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE DAVENPORT STREET.

GEM BARBER SHOP

H. L. JEWETT, Prop.

I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Davenport Street, next to First National Bank.

Is the Direct Route to CANADIAN PROVINCES, New England and POINTS EAST NEW YORK

Solely Through Trains to Boston.

SOO-PACIFIC Scenic Route

TO VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, PORTLAND, SAN FRANCISCO.

E. PENNINGTON, General Manager.

W. R. CALLAWAY, General Passenger Agent, MINNEAPOLIS.

Sold by A. F. SCHLIESMANN, Agent.

MILWAUKEE PEOPLE

Could Hardly Delineate It. A Prominent Woman Saved From Death by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suppose a large number of people who read of my remarkable cure will hardly believe it; had I not experienced it myself, I know that I should not."



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Sold by A. F. SCHLIESMANN, Agent.

[illegible]

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81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	
82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	
83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	
84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	
85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	
86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	
87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	
88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	
89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	
90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	
92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	
94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	
95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	
96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	
97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	
98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	
99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Lot.	ER.	Am.	Lot.	ER.	Am.
1	7	16	8	23	264
2	7	16	9	23	264
3	7	16	10	23	264
4	7	16	11	23	264
5	7	16	12	23	264
6	7	16	13	23	264
7	7	16	14	23	264
8	7	16	15	23	264
9	7	16	16	23	264
10	7	16	17	23	264
11	7	16	18	23	264
12	7	16	19	23	264
13	7	16	20	23	264
14	7	16	21	23	264
15	7	16	22	23	264
16	7	16	23	23	264
17	7	16	24	23	264
18	7	16	25	23	264
19	7	16	26	23	264
20	7	16	27	23	264
21	7	16	28	23	264
22	7	16	29	23	264
23	7	16	30	23	264
24	7	16	31	23	264
25	7	16	32	23	264
26	7	16	33	23	264
27	7	16	34	23	264
28	7	16	35	23	264
29	7	16	36	23	264
30	7	16	37	23	264
31	7	16	38	23	264
32	7	16	39	23	264
33	7	16	40	23	264
34	7	16	41	23	264
35	7	16	42	23	264
36	7	16	43	23	264
37	7	16	44	23	264
38	7	16	45	23	264
39	7	16	46	23	264
40	7	16	47	23	264
41	7	16	48	23	264
42	7	16	49	23	264
43	7	16	50	23	264
44	7	16	51	23	264
45	7	16	52	23	264
46	7	16	53	23	264
47	7	16	54	23	264
48	7	16	55	23	264
49	7	16	56	23	264
50	7	16	57	23	264
51	7	16	58	23	264
52	7	16	59	23	264
53	7	16	60	23	264
54	7	16	61	23	264
55	7	16	62	23	264
56	7	16	63	23	264
57	7	16	64	23	264
58	7	16	65	23	264
59	7	16	66	23	264
60	7	16	67	23	264
61	7	16	68	23	264
62	7	16	69	23	264
63	7	16	70	23	264
64	7	16	71	23	264
65	7	16	72	23	264
66	7	16	73	23	264
67	7	16	74	23	264
68	7	16	75	23	264
69	7	16	76	23	264
70	7	16	77	23	264
71	7	16	78	23	264
72	7	16	79	23	264
73	7	16	80	23	264
74	7	16	81	23	264
75	7	16	82	23	264
76	7	16	83	23	264
77	7	16	84	23	264
78	7	16	85	23	264
79	7	16	86	23	264
80	7	16	87	23	264
81	7	16	88	23	264
82	7	16	89	23	264
83	7	16	90	23	264
84	7	16	91	23	264
85	7	16	92	23	264
86	7	16	93	23	264

	Lot.	Br.	Am.
	1	1	1.75
	2	2	1.75
	3	3	1.75
	4	4	1.75
	5	5	1.75
	6	6	1.75
	7	7	1.75
	8	8	1.75
	9	9	1.75
	10	10	1.75
	11	11	1.75
	12	12	1.75
	13	13	1.75
	14	14	1.75
	15	15	1.75
	16	16	1.75
	17	17	1.75
	18	18	1.75
	19	19	1.75
	20	20	1.75
	21	21	1.75
	22	22	1.75
	23	23	1.75
	24	24	1.75
	25	25	1.75
	26	26	1.75
	27	27	1.75
	28	28	1.75
	29	29	1.75
	30	30	1.75
	31	31	1.75
	32	32	1.75
	33	33	1.75
	34	34	1.75
	35	35	1.75
	36	36	1.75
	37	37	1.75
	38	38	1.75
	39	39	1.75
	40	40	1.75
	41	41	1.75
	42	42	1.75
	43	43	1.75
	44	44	1.75
	45	45	1.75
	46	46	1.75
	47	47	1.75
	48	48	1.75
	49	49	1.75
	50	50	1.75
	51	51	1.75
	52	52	1.75
	53	53	1.75
	54	54	1.75
	55	55	1.75
	56	56	1.75
	57	57	1.75
	58	58	1.75
	59	59	1.75
	60	60	1.75
	61	61	1.75
	62	62	1.75
	63	63	1.75
	64	64	1.75
	65	65	1.75
	66	66	1.75
	67	67	1.75
	68	68	1.75
	69	69	1.75
	70	70	1.75
	71	71	1.75
	72	72	1.75
	73	73	1.75
	74	74	1.75
	75	75	1.75
	76	76	1.75
	77	77	1.75
	78	78	1.75
	79	79	1.75
	80	80	1.75
	81	81	1.75
	82	82	1.75
	83	83	1.75
	84	84	1.75
	85	85	1.75
	86	86	1.75
	87	87	1.75
	88	88	1.75
	89	89	1.75
	90	90	1.75
	91	91	1.75
	92	92	1.75
	93	93	1.75
	94	94	1.75
	95	95	1.75
	96	96	1.75
	97	97	1.75
	98	98	1.75
	99	99	1.75
	100	100	1.75

Government Lots City of Rhineland.				
Description.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	Am.
Lot 1 SW 1/4 and 2	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 2 SW 1/4 and 3	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 3 SW 1/4 and 4	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 4 SW 1/4 and 5	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 5 SW 1/4 and 6	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 6 SW 1/4 and 7	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 7 SW 1/4 and 8	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 8 SW 1/4 and 9	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 9 SW 1/4 and 10	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 10 SW 1/4 and 11	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 11 SW 1/4 and 12	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 12 SW 1/4 and 13	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 13 SW 1/4 and 14	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 14 SW 1/4 and 15	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 15 SW 1/4 and 16	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 16 SW 1/4 and 17	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 17 SW 1/4 and 18	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 18 SW 1/4 and 19	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 19 SW 1/4 and 20	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 20 SW 1/4 and 21	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 21 SW 1/4 and 22	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 22 SW 1/4 and 23	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 23 SW 1/4 and 24	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 24 SW 1/4 and 25	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 25 SW 1/4 and 26	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 26 SW 1/4 and 27	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 27 SW 1/4 and 28	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 28 SW 1/4 and 29	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 29 SW 1/4 and 30	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 30 SW 1/4 and 31	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 31 SW 1/4 and 32	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 32 SW 1/4 and 33	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 33 SW 1/4 and 34	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 34 SW 1/4 and 35	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 35 SW 1/4 and 36	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 36 SW 1/4 and 37	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 37 SW 1/4 and 38	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 38 SW 1/4 and 39	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 39 SW 1/4 and 40	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 40 SW 1/4 and 41	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 41 SW 1/4 and 42	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 42 SW 1/4 and 43	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 43 SW 1/4 and 44	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 44 SW 1/4 and 45	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 45 SW 1/4 and 46	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 46 SW 1/4 and 47	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 47 SW 1/4 and 48	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 48 SW 1/4 and 49	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 49 SW 1/4 and 50	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 50 SW 1/4 and 51	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 51 SW 1/4 and 52	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 52 SW 1/4 and 53	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 53 SW 1/4 and 54	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 54 SW 1/4 and 55	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 55 SW 1/4 and 56	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 56 SW 1/4 and 57	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 57 SW 1/4 and 58	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 58 SW 1/4 and 59	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 59 SW 1/4 and 60	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 60 SW 1/4 and 61	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 61 SW 1/4 and 62	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 62 SW 1/4 and 63	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 63 SW 1/4 and 64	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 64 SW 1/4 and 65	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 65 SW 1/4 and 66	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 66 SW 1/4 and 67	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 67 SW 1/4 and 68	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 68 SW 1/4 and 69	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 69 SW 1/4 and 70	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 70 SW 1/4 and 71	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 71 SW 1/4 and 72	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 72 SW 1/4 and 73	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 73 SW 1/4 and 74	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 74 SW 1/4 and 75	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 75 SW 1/4 and 76	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 76 SW 1/4 and 77	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 77 SW 1/4 and 78	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 78 SW 1/4 and 79	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 79 SW 1/4 and 80	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 80 SW 1/4 and 81	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 81 SW 1/4 and 82	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 82 SW 1/4 and 83	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 83 SW 1/4 and 84	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 84 SW 1/4 and 85	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 85 SW 1/4 and 86	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 86 SW 1/4 and 87	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 87 SW 1/4 and 88	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 88 SW 1/4 and 89	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 89 SW 1/4 and 90	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 90 SW 1/4 and 91	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 91 SW 1/4 and 92	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 92 SW 1/4 and 93	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 93 SW 1/4 and 94	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 94 SW 1/4 and 95	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 95 SW 1/4 and 96	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 96 SW 1/4 and 97	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 97 SW 1/4 and 98	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 98 SW 1/4 and 99	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 99 SW 1/4 and 100	36	3	23	0.51

J. S. Coon's Addition to City of Rhineland.				
Description.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	Am.
Lot 1 SW 1/4 and 2	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 2 SW 1/4 and 3	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 3 SW 1/4 and 4	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 4 SW 1/4 and 5	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 5 SW 1/4 and 6	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 6 SW 1/4 and 7	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 7 SW 1/4 and 8	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 8 SW 1/4 and 9	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 9 SW 1/4 and 10	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 10 SW 1/4 and 11	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 11 SW 1/4 and 12	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 12 SW 1/4 and 13	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 13 SW 1/4 and 14	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 14 SW 1/4 and 15	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 15 SW 1/4 and 16	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 16 SW 1/4 and 17	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 17 SW 1/4 and 18	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 18 SW 1/4 and 19	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 19 SW 1/4 and 20	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 20 SW 1/4 and 21	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 21 SW 1/4 and 22	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 22 SW 1/4 and 23	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 23 SW 1/4 and 24	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 24 SW 1/4 and 25	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 25 SW 1/4 and 26	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 26 SW 1/4 and 27	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 27 SW 1/4 and 28	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 28 SW 1/4 and 29	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 29 SW 1/4 and 30	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 30 SW 1/4 and 31	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 31 SW 1/4 and 32	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 32 SW 1/4 and 33	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 33 SW 1/4 and 34	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 34 SW 1/4 and 35	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 35 SW 1/4 and 36	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 36 SW 1/4 and 37	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 37 SW 1/4 and 38	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 38 SW 1/4 and 39	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 39 SW 1/4 and 40	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 40 SW 1/4 and 41	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 41 SW 1/4 and 42	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 42 SW 1/4 and 43	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 43 SW 1/4 and 44	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 44 SW 1/4 and 45	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 45 SW 1/4 and 46	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 46 SW 1/4 and 47	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 47 SW 1/4 and 48	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 48 SW 1/4 and 49	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 49 SW 1/4 and 50	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 50 SW 1/4 and 51	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 51 SW 1/4 and 52	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 52 SW 1/4 and 53	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 53 SW 1/4 and 54	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 54 SW 1/4 and 55	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 55 SW 1/4 and 56	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 56 SW 1/4 and 57	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 57 SW 1/4 and 58	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 58 SW 1/4 and 59	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 59 SW 1/4 and 60	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 60 SW 1/4 and 61	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 61 SW 1/4 and 62	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 62 SW 1/4 and 63	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 63 SW 1/4 and 64	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 64 SW 1/4 and 65	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 65 SW 1/4 and 66	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 66 SW 1/4 and 67	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 67 SW 1/4 and 68	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 68 SW 1/4 and 69	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 69 SW 1/4 and 70	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 70 SW 1/4 and 71	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 71 SW 1/4 and 72	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 72 SW 1/4 and 73	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 73 SW 1/4 and 74	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 74 SW 1/4 and 75	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 75 SW 1/4 and 76	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 76 SW 1/4 and 77	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 77 SW 1/4 and 78	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 78 SW 1/4 and 79	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 79 SW 1/4 and 80	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 80 SW 1/4 and 81	36	3	23	0.51
Lot 81 SW 1/4 and 82	36	3	23	0.51
Lot				

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

RAPIDS, St. Paul & South Sea. Marie By

EAST BOUND.
Atlantic Limited..... 1:55 a. m. Daily

WEST BOUND.
Atlantic Limited..... 1:55 a. m. Daily
Express Limited..... 7:00 a. m. Daily
Day Express..... 8:00 a. m. Daily
Line trains arrive and depart from C. & N. W. depot in Minneapolis and follow the following schedule:
Connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Ashland, Marinette, Menomonie, Wisconsin, Duluth, Madison, Chicago and beyond at all points on Wisconsin Central R.R.

PETE FRAY, Agent.

& N.-W. R'y Time Table.

SOUTH BOUND DEPART.
2-10:45 a. m. Daily, except Sunday
4-11:15 p. m. Daily
6-11:15 p. m. Sunday only

NORTH BOUND ARRIVE.
1-1:22 p. m. Daily, except Sunday
3-3:29 a. m. Daily
5-2:30 p. m. Sunday only

H. C. BREGLER, Agent.

CIVIC SOCIETIES.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 299, R. P. O.
Regular meetings first and third Mondays of each month. Permanent location is at K. O. T. M. rooms, Stevens street.
E. E. ARSTON, E. J. LAFILLE, Sec.

EMERALD LODGE No. 73, K. of P.
Regular meetings every Friday.
B. L. HORN, Jr., K. of E. and S. D. H. WALSH, C. C.

MARAWAY TENT 17, K. O. T. M.
Rhinelander.
Regular work every alternate Wednesday. Commencing August 9. Visiting Sir Knights by A. Brown, Com. 150. GREENWOOD, Record Keeper.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 212, F. & A. M.
Stapleton Block.
Regular communications first and third Mondays of each month.
JAMES STEVENS, Sec. ARTHUR TAYLOR, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, R. A. M.
Regular convocations second and fourth Mondays of each month.
A. TAYLOR Sec. M. H. RAYMOND, H. P.

LAKE CAMP, No. 1749, M. W. of A.
Rhinelander, Wis.
Meetings every Tuesday night. Visitors cordially invited.
A. CHAFFIN, V. C. H. E. GARNER, Clerk.

O. F. COURT JUVANITA, 1975.
Rhinelander, Wis.
Meetings at I. O. O. F. Hall second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
H. T. MORELLI, C. E. R. E. STORZ, R. A.

PHYSICIANS.

T. B. McINDOE,
Physician & Surgeon,
Rhinelander, Wis.
Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets.

F. L. HINMAN,
Physician and Surgeon
Rhinelander, Wis.
Office in the Hinman Building, Davenport St.

G. H. O'CONNOR,
DENTIST.
Office Corner Stevens and Davenport Sts.
Over Horv's store.

ATTORNEYS.

S. H. ALBAN,
Attorney at Law.
Collections promptly attended to.
Office in Merchants State Bank building

S. S. MILLER,
Attorney at Law.
Collections sharply looked after.
Office over First National Bank

L. J. BILLINGS,
Attorney & Counselor.
Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON,
Attorney at Law.
Special attention paid to homestead law and contests.
Rhinelander

PAUL BROWNE,
Attorney at Law.
Collections Rhinelander, Wis.

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MERCHANTS STATE BANK,
Capital \$50,000.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Brown Street Rhinelander, Wis.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
of Rhinelander
Capital \$50,000.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Bank Corner Davenport and Stevens Street

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E. D. GAULNEAU, Prop.
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MINELANDER. WISCONSIN

How can you tell when water boils? Stopped 75 camels at the School of Domestic Arts and Sciences in Chicago. And yet how simple a thing it is. Just dip your finger in it; if it takes off the skin, it is boiling.

For the building of a trans-Alaskan railway to bring a strait company with a capital of \$50,000,000 has been organized. It is thought that will bring in at least enough money to issue the prospectus.

Barley and rye ripen along the Yukon and many vegetables are found to flourish there, reaching market about the middle of August. The outlook in Alaska for agriculture and gardening is better than has been supposed.

The proper pronunciation of the president's family name is not as though it were Roosevelt, but Roosevelt. The family is sensitive about such matters. The Roosevelt family is of Dutch origin, and therefore desirous that the family name should be properly enunciated.

Dr. Pozzi, the most eminent surgeon in France, has written an article for the Echo de Paris in which he says that President McKinley at no time after the assassin's assault was doing well, and that all the French surgeons and physicians of note agreed that he could not live ten days.

The theory that the monkey is descended from man now confronts civilization with a serious question. How far ought a human being to be allowed to degenerate from the loftiest ideal of manhood before he is compelled to shed his clothes, climb a tree and refrain from conversation?

One of President Roosevelt's great-grandfathers was Archibald Bullock, President of the provincial congress of Georgia in 1775 and 1776, delegate to the continental congress in Philadelphia in 1775, and the first man to read and promulgate the declaration of independence in Georgia.

The good terms on which the czar of Russia and the president of France recently parted, and their talk of being allies, is no indication that they contemplate war. If it means anything it is that the nation that attacks one of them will be forced to fight both. Such a condition tends to the peace of Europe rather than to conflict.

The soldier who became a brigadier general through President Roosevelt's first official act, Gen. James M. Bell, began his military career as a volunteer in the civil war. He went into the Santiago campaign as colonel of the Eighth cavalry, Gen. Chaffee's old regiment, and was severely wounded at Guisamas, the battle of the campaign. After a long illness he followed his regiment to the Philippines, where he saw additional service.

A force of 21 men has started to Manila to set up a printing plant for the United States government, and after January first all pamphlets issued by the government there will be printed in three languages, English, Spanish and Tagalog. The office will be provided with linotype machines for setting type, the first of the kind in the Philippines, and it is stated that the machine that will set type in the Tagalog language is the first in the world.

Now the arctic explorers have begun fighting each other, and it is stated that there is likely to be a serious clash between the Baldwin and the Wellman expeditions, it being claimed by Baldwin's supporters that the Wellman party is following the same path northward in order to be able to take advantage of the store houses and stores left along the route by Baldwin. It is to be hoped that in their struggles they will not scratch any of the paint off the north pole.

In the penal code of the state of New York is found the following: "A person concerned in the commission of a crime, whether he directly commits the offense, or aids and abets in its commission, and whether present or absent, and a person who directly or indirectly counsels, commands, induces or procures another to commit a crime, is a principal." There are similar laws in other states. Why should the murderers who call themselves anarchists be excused from their operation?

The constantly growing importance of commerce on the Pacific is indicated by the chartering of "Janes" for steamers crossing that ocean. Such lanes have been established for a great many years between Europe and America and have greatly diminished the risk of rebellion. There is still danger, however, of collision of steamships with sailing ships, especially in the foggy region off the Newfoundland coast, but such vessels generally know when they are in one of the steamship lanes and therefore take extra precautions to avoid danger.

The Hotel Gazette publishes the information that there are between 20,000 and 25,000 summer hotels in the United States, giving employment to upwards of 500,000 people, and entertaining not less than 10,000,000 people a year. The largest single summer resort is at Atlantic City, with a summer population of 200,000 and an average of 15,000 employees, it being estimated that the guests there spend an average of \$200,000 a year. The problem of feeding a cool place in summer is rather an expensive one, and after all home is undoubtedly the coolest place of all.

The first attempt made to assassinate a president of the United States was made upon the life of President Jackson on January 30, 1835, near the close of his second term. Jackson was leaving the capitol when Richard Lawrence, a crazy man, fired at him point blank. The percussion cap on the pistol failed to explode, and when the assassin snatched a second pistol it also failed. The authorities placed other percussion caps on the pistol, taken from a box in Lawrence's possession, and the weapon was discharged, showing Jackson's escape was miraculous.

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.
For the eight months ended with August exports showed a gain of \$22,000,000 over the preceding year. Imports gained \$14,000,000.

Sampson will be called as a witness before the Schlegel court of inquiry in Washington to explain the meaning of a letter he wrote.

The president is said to be planning changes in the army and navy to increase their efficiency.

In the United States the postal receipts for the past fiscal year were \$111,631,193 and expenditures \$113,334,921, showing a net deficit of \$2,593,728, which is \$1,500,000 smaller than for the preceding year.

The president initiated his new southern policy by deciding to appoint ex-Gov. Jones, of Alabama, a democrat, as federal judge in that state to fill a vacancy.

The war department has arranged a revised tariff for the Philippines to go into operation on November 15.

Great Britain and the United States have agreed upon a new isthmian canal treaty, making the proposed waterway all-American in ownership and control.

The secretary of agriculture estimates the best sugar production for 1901 in the United States at 159,500 tons.

The president has selected trustees for the McKinley National Monument association, William R. Day, of Canton, O., heading the list.

THE EAST.
There are 116,195 more females than males in the city of Boston.

The Columbia won the third and deciding race in the series with Shamrock II. The latter crossed the finish line first, but the American boat's time allowance gave it the victory.

It is announced that Senator Chaffee, M. Depew is to marry a second time, his bride-to-be being Miss May Palmer, of New York.

Helen Long, youngest daughter of the secretary of the navy, died at Hingham, Mass., aged 26 years.

Friends of Miss Stone have appealed to the people of the United States to raise the ransom demanded for her release by Bulgarian bandits.

Activity is nearly every line of business is indicated by the weekly review of trade. Iron and steel plants are crowded with orders.

At the leading clearing houses in the United States the exchanges during the seven days ended on the 4th aggregated \$2,156,970,500, against \$1,735,263,381 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of last year was 20.4.

In the United States there were 205 business failures in the seven days ended on the 4th, against 137 the week previous and 208 the corresponding period of last year.

The Massachusetts republicans have renominated W. Murray Crane for governor.

At Fall River, Mass., 20,000 mill operatives decided to go on strike for an advance of five per cent. in wages.

In the Pittsburgh clay pot works in Allegheny fire damaged the plant to the extent of \$250,000.

In a 137-foot boat Capt. William Andrews and his bride started from New York across the Atlantic on a wedding trip.

In Trenton, N. J., Peter Scholdgen was arrested on a charge of having nine wives.

The season of the National League closed with the baseball clubs standing in the following order: Pittsburgh, 645 per cent.; Philadelphia, 593; Brooklyn, 576; St. Louis, 551; Boston, 500; Chicago, 351; New York, 340; Cincinnati, 274.

In New York city police broke up a hall given by anarchists, several of whom were clubbed.

William H. Powell, U. S. A., retired, of Sackett Harbor, N. Y., has been nominated for congress by the democrats of the Twenty-fourth district.

WEST AND SOUTH.
In an interview Congressman Kahn, of California, who has just returned from the Philippines, said he obtained from Aguinaldo an explicit denial of the story that Dewey had ever made any promises of independence to the Filipinos.

In portions of Michigan and Indiana a snow fell to the depth of two inches.

At San Francisco the Episcopal convention received memorials asking that the name of the denomination be changed.

At Harborsville, W. Va., James Farwell celebrated the one hundred and fifth anniversary of his birth.

The Chicago postal authorities refuse to handle Free Society, an anarchist paper.

At Hopedon, Tenn., a mob shot Walter McGehee (colored) to death for assaulting a prominent citizen.

In session in Sioux Falls, S. D., the Farmer's National congress elected George L. Handers, of Albany, N. Y., president, and adopted resolutions expressing horror at the assassination of President McKinley, and demanding suppression of anarchy by state legislation.

Fire swept away the business portion of Readville, O.

In Louisville, Ky., John Flanagan, of New York, set two new world's marks, throwing the hammer 170 feet 5 1/2 inches, and hurling the discus 119 feet 7 1/2 inches.

A call has been issued by Gov. Murphy for a statehood convention to convene at Phoenix, Ariz., October 25.

Fire badly damaged the job printing plant of the Detroit (Mich.) Free Press Printing company.

Smashing of saloons as practiced by Mrs. Nation and her followers has been declared illegal by the Kansas supreme court.

Fire swept away 20 buildings in the heart of West Tampa, Fla., the loss being \$200,000.

Almost every store in Timpon, Tex., was destroyed by fire.

In his new book Gen. Alger says Admiral Sampson and Gen. Miles for alleged blunders during the war with Spain.

Charles Reising and his wife while quarreling fell three stories from a porch at their home in St. Louis and were fatally injured.

In Canton friends of Mrs. McKinley are confident she has safely passed the crucial period of the shock caused by her husband's death.

In Chicago the grand jury indicted City Oil Inspector Robert E. Burke on charges of withholding \$21,000 of the city funds.

In a wreck near Onward, Ind., four employees of the Panhandle railroad were killed.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.
In election riots in Hungary 21 persons were killed and hundreds injured.

Later details of recent fighting in South Africa show that the Boer war is again serious.

In dispatch to the war department Gen. Chaffee gave further details of the massacre in Samar Island. Three officers and 40 men were killed.

At several points in Venezuela an uprising against President Castro's government was reported.

Scientists of Germany believe they have discovered the palace of Nebuchadnezzar in excavations on the site of the ancient city of Babylon.

British railway men left for the United States to study methods of American roads.

LATER NEWS.
The president appointed former Governor Thomas Goode Jones, of Alabama, United States district judge for the northern and middle districts of Alabama, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Bruce.

The ameer of Afghanistan died quite suddenly.

Phil Melloy, of Dubuque, Ia., upon a wager, devoured 57 raw eggs in fifteen minutes.

Rev. H. Armand Simpson dropped dead upon the streets of Brooklyn.

Four men were killed and four wounded in a fatal fight in a church at Big Springs, Tenn. The feud has existed between the Virginia Morgans and the Tennessee Chadwells since the civil war. Since then thirty Morgans and forty Chadwells have been killed in the numerous fights that have taken place.

The Brussels correspondent of the London Times says, though the congress of white slave traffic now assembled at Amsterdam is due to private initiative, it appears that the matter will soon occupy the attention of the European governments.

King Edward VII. is negotiating to repurchase his old yacht, the Britannia, from her present owner, Sir Richard Dinkley.

The state department has received a telegram from Consul General Larlow at Mexico City, stating that a decree has been issued by the Mexican government, suspending import duties and all other taxes on corn from Oct. 1 to Dec. 31 next, owing to the scarcity of corn in that country.

An explosion in the magazine of the German steamship Totenkilled the third officer and head steward.

The directors of the United States express company have declared a 2 per cent semi-annual dividend.

At a meeting of railroad presidents in New York it was decided to abolish all transportation courtesies between railroad officials and completely eradicate the pass system.

Dr. W. Christian, a prominent physician of Austin, Texas, committed suicide at his home in that city by taking a large quantity of chloroform.

Cal Gibson, his son William and his son-in-law Ed. Bailey were buried alive while ditching near Jamestown, Ind. Bailey was saved but the other two were dead when taken out.

Fire in South Chicago caused a loss of about \$20,000.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.
The present growth of London's population is 2,500 a month.

The Carnegie steel company has completed its new merchant mill at Duquesne at a cost of \$2,000,000.

Ten states and territories have made appropriations aggregating \$17,555,000 to provide for exhibits at the St. Louis exposition.

Directors of the American Locomotive company authorized an expenditure of \$150,000 to enlarge plants of the company.

Abner McKinley's resemblance to the late president is so striking that it is a shock to anyone who now sees him for the first time.

The portrait of President McKinley will appear on the next issue of ten-dollar national bank notes to be turned out by the government.

A wealthy brewer of Copenhagen who gave \$2516,000 to further art and science provided for further munificent gifts in the same line.

Denmark's great family of brewers, the Jacobsens, have given their countrymen nearly \$12,000,000 for scientific and philanthropic purposes.

Mrs. Eliza A. How has given \$100,000 to Washington university, St. Louis, to be used in erecting a memorial to her father, Capt. James B. Fack.

Five hundred mass meetings are to be held in Great Britain during October and November to protest against the present policy in South Africa.

Dr. Stein and Samuel Warmonth, arctic explorers, have arrived at Sydney, N. S., on the Windward, after spending two years in the ice fields.

Chauncey M. Depew is now director or trustee in more corporations than any other man in this country. He is a director in 76 different companies, 49 of which are railroad companies.

President Roosevelt is opposed to destroying the historic value of the white house by making extensive alterations and enlarging it to accommodate his family. He is in favor of a new residence for the chief executive.

The first statement of the financial condition of the steel trust was made public, following a meeting of the directors at New York. The report showed that earnings were larger during the recent strike than in busier months.

TO BE ALL-AMERICAN.

United States Will Control Nicaraguan Canal.

New Treaty Said to Have Been Agreed To by Great Britain—An Outline of Provisions of the Pact.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Walter Wellman, Washington correspondent of the Record-Herald, telegraphs that paper as follows, under date of October 6: "The United States and Great Britain have reached an agreement concerning the isthmian canal question, and the new treaty will be presented to the senate for its ratification early in the coming session. I am now able to give the substance of this treaty. It provides:

"1. For abrogation of the old Clayton-Bulwer treaty in toto.

"2. The canal to be constructed by the United States alone, and other maritime powers are not invited to participate in such guarantee. Great Britain is intentionally excluded from the treaty, because it is a party to the treaty.

"3. In case of war the United States reserves the right to take such steps for its own protection as it may deem proper."

"It will be seen that the new treaty meets the principal objections which were offered to the old Hay-Pauncefote convention and which led to its rejection by the senate. While the principle of neutrality is asserted, the United States alone guarantees that neutrality, and no European powers are invited to give their assent to it. It was this feature more than any other which led to the defeat of the former treaty. Many senators were willing to join with Great Britain in a guarantee of the waterway, because England already enjoyed certain treaty rights upon the isthmus. But they were decidedly unwilling to invite other European nations to give their assent. Those nations had no standing in the case, and it was deemed most unwise to invite them to participate in a purely American affair with which they had no direct concern.

"By the terms of the new treaty the United States may, in time of war, deal with the canal as it deems best for its own interests. It may close the canal to the ships of its enemies, and could, if it were thought advisable (which no one believes it ever will be), fortify the channel or its terminus. In the broad sense the isthmian waterway is to be 'all-American.' The United States is to build it and to have complete control of it, unhampered by onerous restrictions.

"The government of Great Britain has met this question in a liberal spirit. It has assumed that it was its duty to the ships of its enemies, and could, if it were thought advisable (which no one believes it ever will be), fortify the channel or its terminus. In the broad sense the isthmian waterway is to be 'all-American.' The United States is to build it and to have complete control of it, unhampered by onerous restrictions.

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TRAINS COLLIDE.

Near-Head Collision on the Panhandle Road Near Onward, Ind., Kills Four Men.

Logansport, Ind., Oct. 7.—Four Panhandle trainmen met an awful death near Onward, 14 miles southeast of here Sunday morning in a rear-end collision of freight trains, the bodies of three being taken out badly mutilated and the fourth being almost entirely consumed before the wreck crew could subdue the flames sufficiently to permit work in that portion of the debris. The dead are: Elbert Greeley, conductor; Thomas H. Brosius, flagman; S. A. Galbreath, brakeman; John Hutchison, fireman. The injured: Frank Patterson, engineer.

During the night Conductor Weaver, in charge of the second section of train No. 79, an engine and two cabooses, left Hartford City for Logansport. In the rear caboose were Galbreath, Brosius and Greeley, who had been working on the gravel train at Hartford City, and who were en route to this city to spend Sunday with their families. They were all asleep when the train stopped near Onward to make up steam. The flagman was sent out to watch for the third section from the east, and no danger was thought of until the train loomed up too close for any to escape except Weaver, who jumped and got off uninjured. The third section, with Engineer Frank Patterson at the throttle, had attained high speed, and when it struck the rear caboose the engine reared in the air, turned clear around and came down on her side in the ditch, mashing a number of cars into kindling wood and burying in the debris the sleeping trainmen and Hutchison, the fireman for Patterson. The wreckage promptly caught fire, and the flames kept at bay the uninjured trainmen and the men who gathered from nearby farmhouses. A special train conveyed a part of the Logansport fire department to the scene. The fire was extinguished and the work of removing the bodies begun. The remains of Galbreath, Hutchison and Greeley were found, but the body of Brosius was almost entirely consumed, only pieces of burned flesh and bones being recovered.

KILLED HIS ENEMY.
Pastor of a Carbondale, Ill., Church Shoots a Neighbor and Claims He Acted Only in Self-Defense.

Carbondale, Ill., Oct. 7.—Rev. Joseph McCamish, pastor of the Seventh Day Baptist church, on Saturday shot and killed Benjamin Brown, a carpenter. Both men are well known residents of Carbondale. The tragedy took place near the corner of the public square, at a time when the streets were filled with the usual crowd of Saturday traders. Some months ago the McCamish and Brown families lived together in a double house in the outskirts of the city. The arrangement proved unfortunate, for McCamish and Brown quarreled with each other, their wives quarreled and each man quarreled with his own wife. Since that time a bitter feud has existed between the two men.

Saturday morning McCamish was standing talking to Mr. Homer Kney, a merchant of Carbondale, when Brown came up and began a quarrel. But little of the conversation between the two men was heard by Mr. Kney. However, McCamish claims that Brown attacked him with a knife, and that in self-defense he shot him, the ball entering under the left arm, causing internal hemorrhage, from which Brown died 40 minutes later.

Although McCamish is a minister of the Seventh Day Baptist faith, he has been working as a blacksmith to eke out a livelihood. He is 43 years of age and has a wife and two children. Brown has for years borne a reputation as a fighter and a quarrelsome man. He was 35 years old and leaves a wife and a son.

He—Oh, no! Not since I told him we could never be more than friends! —back

1. The first group of variables is related to the characteristics of the firm, such as its size, age, and industry. These variables are measured using a series of dummy variables and are included in the model to control for the effect of these characteristics on the firm's performance.